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VOL. I NO. 28

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1946.

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RAILWAY STATION IN JERUSALEM WRECKED BY JEWISH TERRORISTS FIVE EXPLOSIONS FOLLOW WARNING BY TELEPHONE

SUITCASE BOMB KILLS BRITISH POLICEMAN

JERUSALEM, Oct. 30.—FIVE POWERFUL EXPLOSIONS ROCKED THE JERUSALEM RAILWAY STATION TO-DAY JUST 40 MINUTES AFTER A MYSTERIOUS TELEPHONE WARNING HAD BEEN RECEIVED. BRITISH TROOPS AND POLICE WERE RUSHED TO EMERGENCY STATIONS AND A MOTOR-CYCLIST STATED TO BE CARRYING EXPLOSIVES WAS ARRESTED.

The entire station was damaged and will be out of action for at least a week. Cloudy smoke poured through the station which was surrounded by soldiers and police who earlier had evacuated the personnel.

A British police constable was killed while examining a "suicide bomb" in the station cloakroom after the explosions, and police and British troops are now searching the rubble of the partially-wrecked railway station for further casualties.

The explosion started a blaze and sent smoke clouds spiralling a hundred feet in the air.

According to unconfirmed reports four wounded Jews—three men and one girl—were captured about half a mile from the railway station, after an exchange of shots with British troops.

It is believed that a terrorist gun-girl slipped past the Arab policemen on guard at the station and held up the railway clerk at pistol point, to deposit a suitcase with a bomb in it, in the waiting room of the station. The girl then leaped into a taxi upon which the police opened fire with automatic weapons.

An intensive house-to-house search was inaugurated for the bomb throwers in the Montefiore quarter, in the vicinity of which the station is located.

Some 50 Jewish suspects were arrested and the Jerusalem curfew was extended two hours beyond the present sunset to sunrise period.

The masked members of the Stern Gang today carried out a brazen daylight hold-up of a clerk of the Polish Relief Committee in a downtown street of Tel Aviv and escaped with \$2,000.

The masked men scattered a number of small bombs to frighten possible help away and as passers-by sought shelter in shops and houses the gang grabbed the money bag, containing \$44,000. The clerk resisted and the gang was able to grab only a small amount of the money and ran away.

A Reuter report from Tel Aviv states that a British Army jeep was blown-up by a hand-mine near Sharon, north of Tel Aviv just before midnight yesterday.

The charges placed on both sides of the road were electrically detonated. Two British Army men were injured.—Reuter and United Press.

Papers Seized

Jerusalem, Oct. 29.—Gerschen Agronsky, editor of the English language newspaper "Palestine" who arrived at Lydda by air from London to-day was met by British Criminal Investigation Department officers who impounded all his personal papers.—Reuter.

HOUSING IN UK

London, Oct. 30 (UP).—The Health Minister, Mr Aneurin Bevan, in the ninth of his monthly housing reports, said to-day that 16,000 temporary and permanent houses were completed during September in England and Wales.

The September total was 5,101 more than the August total. Accommodation was provided by new building, repair and conversion for 23,017 families during September.

Construction was started on 13,704 houses during the month to bring the total number under construction on September 30 to 913,329.

Elimination Of Rickshaws In Shanghai

Shanghai, Oct. 30 (UP).—Rickshaws, still one of the principal means of urban transportation, will be gradually eliminated in Shanghai.

The first 10 per cent of the 20,000 rickshaw fleet of the city will be refused municipal licences and taken off the streets early in November or December, according to present plans.

Gradually, the rest of the fleet will be eliminated, leaving the pedicab the only man-propelled passenger vehicle in the city. A pedicab is a tricycle converted into a passenger car with room for two persons. The driver rides in the front.

Municipal authorities explained that the process of elimination of the rickshaws has to be slow and gradual because of the number of issues involved. The first 10 per cent will go because the city has acquired and started operating several new buses. As more buses are made available, more rickshaws will go.

There is also the question of unemployment. At least two pullers earn their daily bread on each rickshaw, taking their shifts from 4 a.m. to 2 p.m., each keeping the car for 11 hours. Elimination of the first 2,000 rickshaws would throw at least 4,130 pullers.

Shanghai municipal authorities, working in conjunction with the General Labour Union, are considering a plan to extend small loans to the jobless pullers to start them on other business. Another suggestion is that they, together with their rickshaws, be moved to nearby cities where there is an acute shortage of transportation facilities. The suggested trans-planting of the rickshaws, however, was opposed as not compatible to the over-all Chinese plan to eliminate rickshaws through the country.

The authorities are also encountering strong opposition from the Rickshaw Owners' Association which claims that the Government proposal to eliminate 2,000 rickshaws would seriously affect their interests. The owners rent their rickshaws to the pullers.

Privately-owned rickshaws will also be gradually eliminated. The authorities are now registering all rickshaws—new ones and those in process of construction—and the rickshaw manufacturers to check on the production of new man-pulled vehicles. No new licences will be issued, it was announced.

Calcutta Mob Attacks Indian Soldiers

Calcutta, Oct. 30.—Twenty-two people died and others were injured in new communal riots in India; messages from widely separated districts reported to-day. Three of the deaths followed an attack by Calcutta crowds armed with knives on three Indian soldiers, who were overpowered after firing until their ammunition gave out.

A police patrol, which rescued the soldiers, opened fire, killing three rioters and arresting four. All the soldiers were injured.

Other riot casualty lists included:

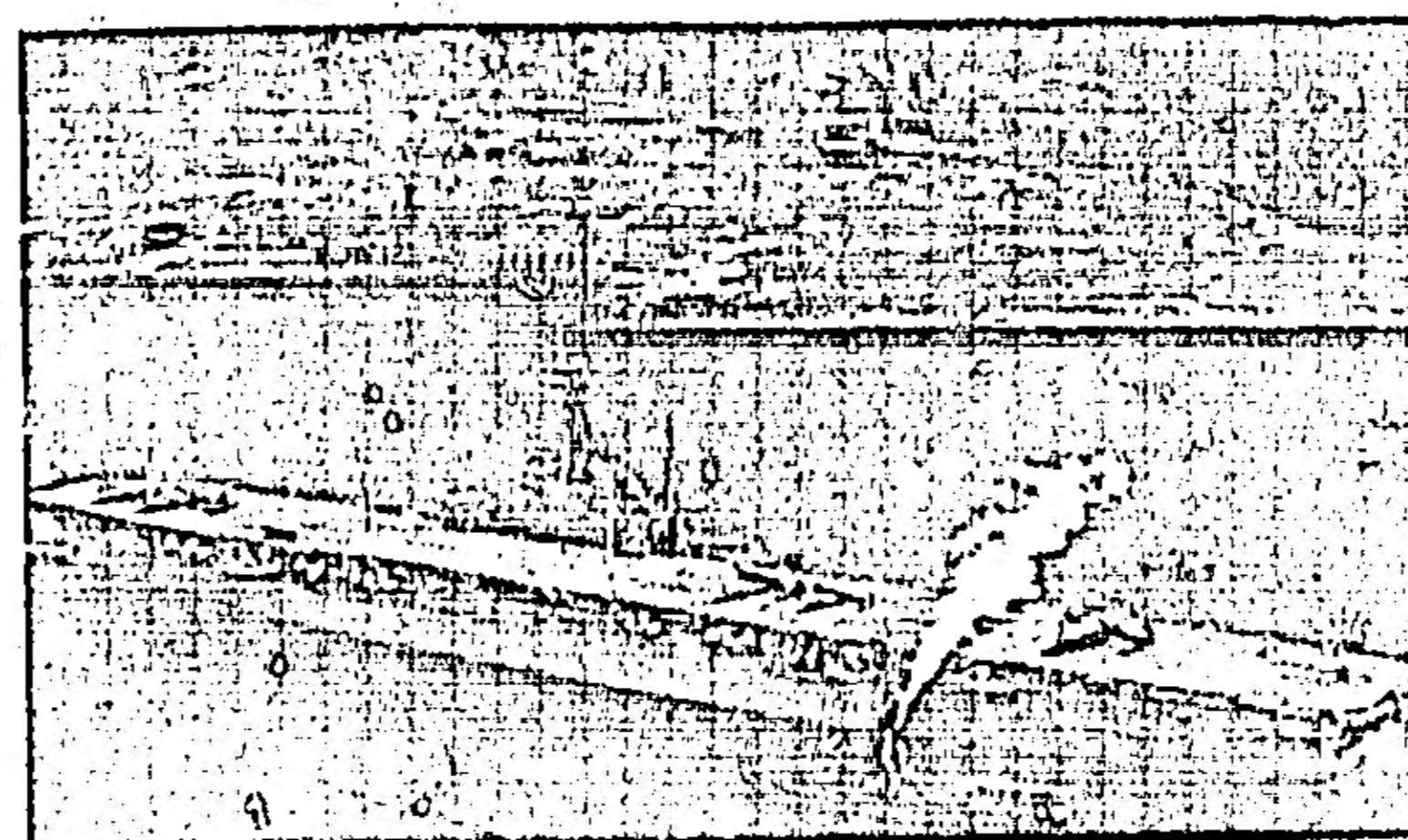
Ahmedabad, Bombay Presidency, one killed, one injured; Kuria, near Bombay, two killed, two injured; Bombay City, four injured; Sutipore, Bengal, four killed; Gaffargunj, Bengal, three killed, seven injured; Sandip Island, off the Bengal coast, nine killed.

Mr Hussein Suhrawardy, Moslem Premier of Bengal, to-day called on Prime Minister Nehru to discuss the communal situation in the province.

The transport situation improved in Calcutta to-day. Bus and taxi strike continued and only a skeleton tram service was operating along certain routes through the unaffected areas, adds United Press.

The Central News reported from Changchun that the Communists in Harbin have ordered all schools to close with teachers and school children compelled to participate in the city's defence. The agency said the Reds had prepared all big buildings for burning if they are forced to evacuate the city.

The situation in Peking, on the Peking-Hankow railway, is now



Britain's latest Aircraft Carrier, HMS Triumph, at Southampton.

Alleged West End Jewel Thieves Arrested

Buckingham Palace Curtains Stolen

London, Oct. 30 (UP).—Two persons were charged in the West London Magistrate's Court to-day with the theft of £1,205 worth of jewels from the apartment of Princess Hilda of Bavaria.

The accused were identified as Robert McPherson, 32, engineer, and Patricia Alice McPherson.

The theft, which occurred between October 23 and October 25, was one in a series of similar robberies of jewels and expensive furs from the residences of wealthy persons in the London area.

McPherson was also accused of being an Army deserter.

The couple were accused of stealing jewellery and clothing worth

SUMMER TIME

It was officially announced this morning that Summer Time in Hongkong will end on December 1.

£210 from another apartment in the same building, where Princess Hilda resided.

The police who arrested the McPhersons said they had admitted the theft of the property, which was recovered, and had made written statements.

They were remanded in custody for seven days at the request of the police who said there were other matters requiring investigation.

It was also revealed to-day that theives stole £800 worth of furs, jewellery and liquor from the apartment of Mr Spiro Constantine, in Hyde Park Garden, Mewsham, on October 23-24. He lost a beaver coat and jewellery worth £1,500 and wines and spirits valued at £300.

Theives equipped with a truck early to-day stole the Buckingham Palace gold damask curtains, worth £1,000, from a factory at Crouch Hill, Finsbury Park.

The curtains had been ordered for the Palace and were nearly ready.

Britain's nobility, alarmed at the robbery raids on its stately homes and castles, is reported to be taking the same precautions used for guarding estates when invasion was threatened.

Listening posts and pill-boxes are being manned again and farm hands, gardeners and butlers are renewing knowledge of hand-to-hand fighting gained in the Home Guard during the war. Many of these manorial homes contain millions of pounds worth of art treasures, heirlooms and jewellery.

Meanwhile, private detective agencies reported they were working overtime to protect clients from the wave of jewel robberies, and insurance brokers said they were busy insuring huge amounts in precious gems. Rates may rise as a result.

BRADMAN CAPTAIN

Adelaide, Oct. 30.—At a meeting of the Cricket Control Board to-day, Don Bradman was appointed captain and A. L. Hassett, vice captain, of the Combined Australian XI, which are meeting the MCC on November 8.—Reuter.

U.S. Troops In China Not UNO Charter Violation

New York, Oct. 30.—China does not consider the presence of U.S. troops on Chinese soil a violation of the UNO Charter, declared the Chinese delegation to the UNO General Assembly in a statement to-day replying to charges made by the White Russian delegation before the Assembly.

The Chinese statement reads: "The Chinese delegation does not at all share the Byelo-Russian delegation's view that the presence of American Marines in Chinese territory is a violation of the UNO Charter. The whole world knows that American forces are in China by their consent and for specified duties of war and civilians."

"Progressively, with the accomplishment of these tasks in different parts of China, the U.S. forces have been reduced and withdrawn and only a small number of them remain in China now. Their forces have not taken part in any of the clashes which occurred between Government troops and the Communist forces.

The U.S. representatives in China have been making strenuous efforts in the form of their good offices which are much appreciated by the Chinese for their peaceful settlement of political difficulties. These difficulties have been created by the Chinese Communists in opposing the Government plans to bring about national unification and in an attempt to extend their sphere of political domination by means of armed force with the purpose of seizing control of the whole country."—Central News.

U. S. Announcement

Washington, Oct. 30 (UP).—The War Department said to-day that it had fewer than 3,000 troops in China and that none of them were combat troops.

The Army said the troops included a 750-man military advisory group, graves registration troops, medical men, some administrative personnel and a few guards for surplus goods.

England's Soccer
Team Against
Welsh Eleven

London, Oct. 30.—The England soccer team to meet Wales on November 13 at Manchester is the same as that which defeated Ireland 7-2 and Eire 1-0.

The team is: Swift (Manchester City), Scott (Arsenal), Hardwick (Middlesbrough), Wright (Wolverhampton), Franklin (Stoke), Cockburn (Manchester United), Finney (Preston), Carter (Derby), Lawton (Chelsea), Mannion (Middlesbrough), and Langton (Blackburn Rovers).

The reserves are Hagan (Sheffield United) and Johnston (Blackpool). Stanley Matthews, for so long an automatic choice as England's outside right, has been omitted. Matthews has not played for his club for eight weeks owing to injury and though he is resuming on Saturday, the selectors probably felt they would be unwise in risking his form and fitness.

Results of football games played to-day were:

Soccer: Football Association 4, Royal Air Force 1.
Rugby Union: Devonport Services 10, Royal Navy Engineering College 6, Oxford University 10, Leicester 3, Royal Army Medical Corps, Aldershot 0, Bart's Hospital 0.

U.S. Delegate Pledges Co-Operation In Disarmament Plan

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—"The United States is prepared to co-operate fully with all other members of the United Nations in disarmament measures," declared the United States delegate, Senator Warren Austin in his eagerly-awaited speech to the United Nations General Assembly to-day.

Senator Austin advocated effective safeguards to protect States complying with such disarmament against the hazards of violation and evasion. The United States Government, Mr Austin said, was prepared to make full statements on the number of its armed forces in foreign territories.

The proposed inquiry into the displacement of troops should include all mobilised armed forces whether at home or abroad, Senator Austin urged.

"We cannot fight for peace side by side without retribution. We welcome the confidence expressed by M. Molotov that a unanimous agreement between all nations, both large and small, can be achieved on such vital matters as control of atomic energy and steps to lighten the burden of armament and military expenditures which still rest so heavily upon the people of the world," Senator Austin declared.

"The United States believes M. Molotov's proposal should be placed on our agenda and fully discussed. The initiative of the Soviet Union in this matter is appropriate because of its mighty armies, just as the initiative of the United States was appropriate from making the bomb. Frequently the American delegation has been asked why they were not ready to accept the Russian convention or treaty to outlaw the bomb and destroy our present stock."

"The answer is simple: They were ready to accept it. The fact is we originally proposed a similar plan but only part of a whole. In any agreement there must be provided full compulsion to obey it, binding upon those who assume the obligation to protect the world against this new weapon. It is necessary through the International Atomic Agency to begin at the raw materials and to use every device of control including licensing, inspection, accounting, operation and management as protective measures."

"When all this has been agreed upon by a treaty in final form all our known stock of bombs and raw materials will be turned over or disposed of in accordance with the treaty."

Meanwhile Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent from London, reported that British representatives at the UNO General Assembly are expected to seek classification of Russia's (Continued on Page 4)

U.S. Terms For Surrender Of The Atom Bomb

New York, Oct. 30.—Mr Bernard Baruch, the United States delegate to the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission, said here to-night: "There will be no surrender by the United States of the atom bomb until the United States of the atom bomb until the United States knows all other countries are prevented from making the bomb. Frequently the American delegation has been asked why they were not ready to accept the Russian convention or treaty to outlaw the bomb and destroy our present stock."

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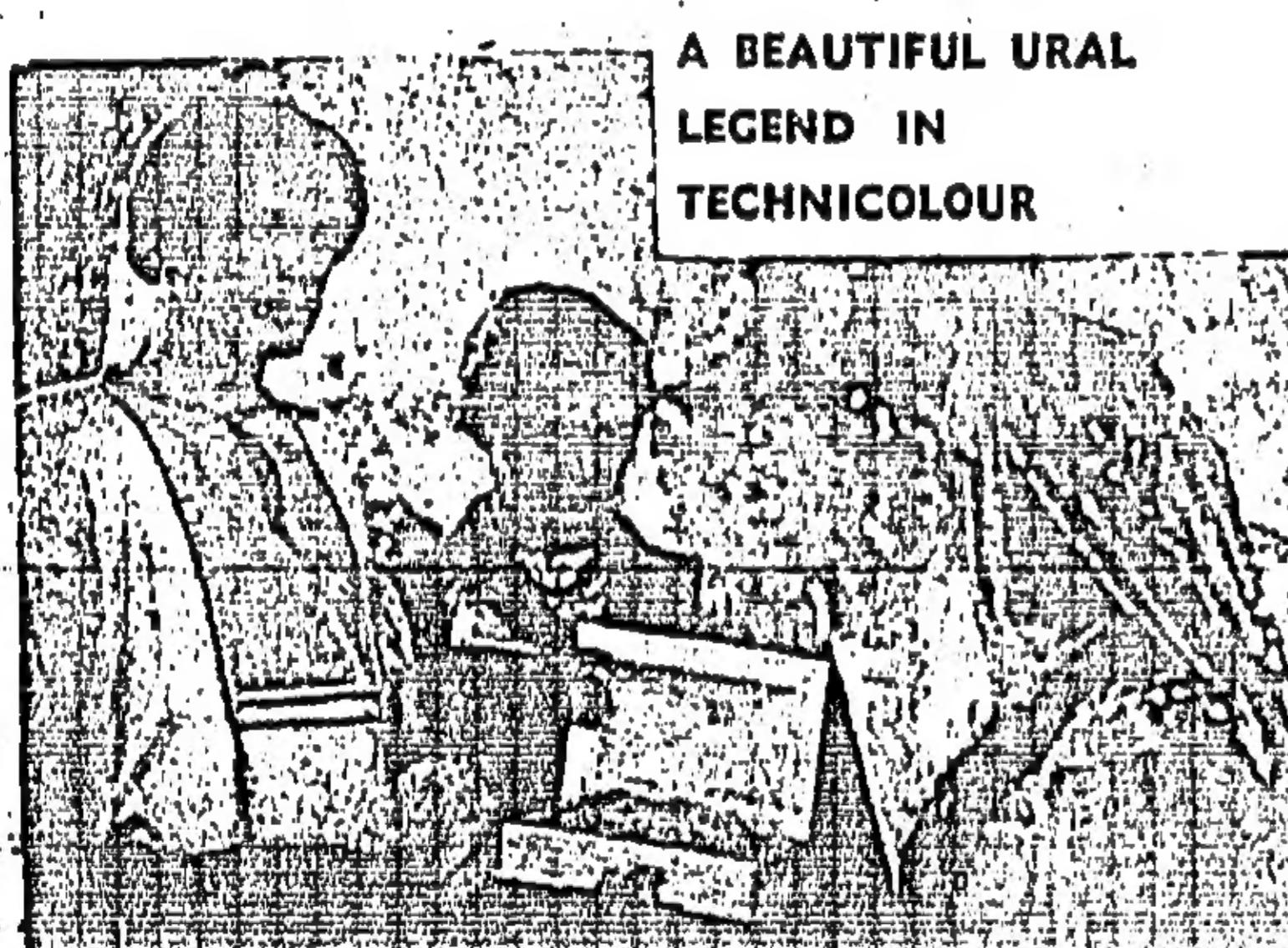
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ONLY
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"LOVE STORY"
At 2.30, 5.15,
7.15 & 9.15
p.m.

TO-MORROW
MARIA MONTEZ • JOHN HALL • SABU
"COBRA WOMAN"
IN TECHNICOLOR

Chinese Chambers Of Commerce To Be United

Nanking, Oct. 29.—For the first time in history, Chinese merchants in China and abroad will be united under one single organisation—the National Federation of Chamber of Commerce—which will be formally inaugurated here on November 1.

The inaugural meeting will be held in the capital and will last for five days, during which commercial delegations from all provinces, special municipalities and Chinese communities will gather to discuss a long-range plan for development of commerce and improvement of economic conditions in China.

Messrs Wang Shao-lin, Chairman of the Preparation Committee, and delegates are coming from some Communist-occupied north-east provinces, Sinkiang, Suiyuan and Chinghai as well as from London, Singapore, Java, Manila, Canada, and the United States.

The inaugural meeting will be featured by an exhibition of native products brought by the delegates. The meeting will also hear reports on commercial and economic conditions in different places in China and abroad.

PROTEST BY ALBANIA

Unauthorised Penetration By British Warships

Belgrade, Oct. 30.—Gen Enver Hodja, Albanian Prime Minister, has sent a telegram to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, protesting strongly against the "unauthorised penetration of British warships into Albanian waters".

Declaring that four British warships entered Albanian waters on October 22, the telegram asserts that they were "attempting to provoke incidents" and were violating Albanian sovereignty.

It added: "On the same day and the following day, several British planes flew over Albanian territory with the aim of intimidation and provocation."

October 22 was the day when the British destroyers Saumarez and Volage struck mines in the Corfu channel with the loss of 40 dead and 43 wounded.—Reuter.

WOOL FROM SOYA BEANS

Mukden, Oct. 30.—Wool shortage in Manchuria has prompted the Production Supervising Administration here to plan for the establishment of a factory in this city to manufacture wool from soya beans which are very abundant in the north-east provinces. The factory is scheduled to be completed by the end of 1947.

It is pointed out that wool made from soya beans possesses the same flexibility and other qualities of natural wool, the only shortcoming being its durability which is not up to the standard of natural wool. Estimates show that 11 tons of wool can be produced from every 100 tons of soya beans.—Central News.

Slovenes Cold-Shoulder British Troops In The Trieste Area

(By Elizabeth Barker)

BRITISH troops at Bosovizza, a Slovene village on the uplands six miles south-east of Trieste, are being cold-shouldered by the local girls.

The attitude of the local population towards these British troops in contrast to their treatment of German prisoners has led the troops to ask whether the Slovenes have already forgotten all the Germans did to them during the war, and whether they now regard the British soldiers as enemies.

These are questions which some of the men of the Third Field Regiment Royal Artillery are brooding over—particularly now that autumn rains have come, and while waiting to move into winter quarters, they are shivering on the bleak windswept heights overshadowed by a line of pine-covered hills, where they have been living under canvas, for the six months just past.

A British private told me: "I've seen Germans coming back proper merry some evenings, I can tell you."

Later I talked with the Roman Catholic priest of Bosovizza—all the villagers are Catholics—and he said: "Yes, it may seem strange to you that our people are not hostile to the German prisoners. It is not that they have forgotten the war they suffered so much. As you know, most of the men went with the partisans. You can see our death-roll painted up on the wall of the church."

"But our people have good hearts. They are not revengeful. And language makes a lot of difference. They can talk together. Also, we were under Austria once, and that gives a certain common basis for understanding one another."

"Another thing, is that when the Germans were occupying this area during the war, they were harsh but we knew where we were with them. When a German commander said he was going to do something he did it. With the British we don't know. Our people say that the British promise one thing, but something different happens."

As for the girls, "they just look through us as we walk down the street as if we weren't there." The women are their only friends.

Working in the same camp with the British are a few German prisoners of war, classified as "Surrounded Enemy Personnel." They are serving as cooks, mess-waiters, officers' batmen or on other chores. The British say the Germans are decent enough, work very hard and do not grumble. But some of the troops are rather bitter because they are much friendlier and kindlier towards the Germans than they ever are with the British.

Hans Lehmann, a country boy from North Germany, now batman to a young British officer, told me: "Yes, we get on with the Slovenes well enough. For one thing a lot of them can talk German. The older ones learned it when this was part of Austria. The younger ones seem to have learned it when German troops were stationed here during the war. That makes it easier."

Many Partisans

"IT'S true most of the men of the village were partisans and that there was fighting with the Germans. But the men went to the hills and the women usually stayed home helping their men when they could. At the same time the women don't seem to have got on too badly with the Germans. Anyhow quite a lot of the village people are friendly enough now."

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS
1—Merry
4—Conquered
5—Conquered
12—Highest card
13—"The Book"
14—Hates
15—Junkie
16—Prize
20—Pisco
21—Cash
23—Ancient republic
24—The Greeks
26—The 15th of March
27—Travels
28—Manuscript
(abbr.)

RADID
BEVIRE
ON SKEET HOWED
SEGOS TURIN
SWANNS PELLA
YEGES MARKS SEE
DEMURE SKILL S
STIRED SNAP
SRELA DENYNGIST
ZANEEL MORONIA
AVESCOVETHTPS
EVAMNETTAUK
NEST LENIN

DOWN

1—Idle chatter
2—Play a part
3—Desired
4—Ring man
5—Guitar
6—Gulf's river
7—Late Latin
8—Kind of novel
9—A grain
10—Baptise
11—Baptise
12—Departs
13—Cover calls
20—Very wealthy
21—Person
22—Name
23—Name
24—Glaive
25—Plews
26—French painter
27—Narrow band
28—Aromatic berry
29—Name from swine
30—Putes
31—Upholds
32—Inches
33—Blackbird of the cuckoo family
34—Deep grove
35—Compass point
(abbr.)

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24—Glaive
25—Plews
26—French painter
27—Narrow band
28—Aromatic berry
29—Name from swine
30—Putes
31—Upholds
32—Inches
33—Blackbird of the cuckoo family
34—Deep grove
35—Compass point
(abbr.)

1—Idle chatter
2—Play a part
3—Desired
4—Ring man
5—Guitar
6—Gulf's river
7—Late Latin
8—Kind of novel
9—A grain
10—Baptise
11—Baptise
12—Departs
13—Cover calls
20—Very wealthy
21—Person
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RUHR THE KEY TO GERMAN REHABILITATION

(By Edward W. Beattie)

FROM the town of Lippstadt down to the Rhine the Ruhr slopes gently over rolling, forested hills and tilled valleys which at first glance look as though the land had always been at peace.

Fields are well kept, the forests are thick and green and the haystacks are fat and yellow. Everywhere from behind the hills forests of tall brick chimneys or spidery steel scaffolding mark the mine-shafts of the great Ruhr coal field.

The autobahn down to the Rhine runs for a while, smooth and untouched, the bridges intact and even the old road signs unscathed. Then come the bridges in long succession which the Germans blasted in a last effort of resistance.

Wrecked Cities

WITH the bridges come the wrecked cities which once poured coal and steel into the industries of an entire continent.

To-day the Ruhr lies prostate like a giant racked with plague—and in almost exact proportion to its Germany and Europe suffer.

Near Lippstadt, on April 1, 1945, units of the American 1st and 9th Armies met in what Gen. Dwight Eisenhower has called "the largest double envelopment in history." With the collapse of the Ruhr pocket 17 days later, 21 divisions had been liquidated, 325,000 prisoners had been taken and Germany's war power was gone.

The Ruhr has never recovered from that battle and from the years of air pounding which preceded it and the effects of its crippling reach far beyond the strangled British Zone of occupation and the borders of Germany as a whole.

Vicious Circle

THE Ruhr is caught in a vicious circle of coal and food. With more coal the population could be fed more than the present near-starvation diet. But without more food the incentive to mine more coal is gone.

Until this riddle is solved the Ruhr seems destined to stagnate among its ruins. Far from making the contribution it should to a peaceful recovery of Germany, it will continue to function more completely than any other part of Germany in the grip of a "hand out mentality, which is the Reich's most outstanding characteristic to-day.

You realize this when you begin to notice that most of the tall chimneys of the Ruhr are not smoking, that the giant wheels which ploughs the earth down the slanting mine shafts are usually motionless. And you start watching people trudging along the roads and through the streets of towns where rubble is broken high inside the skeletons of dead buildings. People pull their little carts loaded with brush or firewood of a few salvaged belongings or lug the knapsacks they used to use for summer hiking tours—or just stand.

Inadequate Diet

THE faces of the city dwellers are yellowish in testimony to the inadequate diet and aimlessness is their outstanding characteristic.

The British occupational authorities face here in the Ruhr a fantastic

BRITAIN SHARES HER LOAF



Mrs. Elizabeth Crocker of Tunbridge Wells, London, looks at the piece of bread which represents the daily bread ration for one person under the new rationing scheme in Britain.

VIET NAMH PROPOSAL REJECTED

Hanoi, Oct. 30.—The first National Assembly of Indo-China yesterday rejected the proposal submitted by the Viet Namh Government that instructions should be issued to the whole nation to observe the newly-concluded treaty between France and Indo-China. The Assembly contended that the new treaty might be put into execution only after it had been passed and ratified by the National Assembly.

More than 150 delegates attended the opening meeting which unanimously adopted a resolution to send telegraphic messages to China and France paying respects to the two Governments and peoples.

Meanwhile, it is reliably learned that Dr. Ho Chi-Minh, President of the Viet Namh Government and all the responsible officials of the Government, will soon resign en bloc to make way for the formation of a new Government.—Central News.

CHINESE TRANSLATION OF THE PSALMS

Shanghai, Oct. 30.—The first edition of the Chinese version of the Psalms in the Old Testament, edited by President Chiang Kai-shek and published by the Commercial Press, is off the press.

Regarded as possessing great literary value, the Psalms were translated into the Chinese language by the nation's eminent jurist and scholar, Dr. John C. H. Wu. President Chiang in a preface to the translation, expressed gratification at seeing consummation of such outstanding work. He believed that the Chinese version surpassed any previous attempt in accuracy and quality, and expressed the hope that the entire New Testament would soon be rendered into Chinese.—Central News.

The Association is also planning a city-wide campaign to acquaint the masses with the importance of timely prevention against the crippling disease of Tuberculosis which has taken a large toll in the country.

Local health authorities are giving close attention to anti-tuberculosis work and are actively engaged in pushing preventive work ahead here.

Dr. W. W. Yen, veteran diplomat, has been asked to head the Association.—Central News.

U.S. ARCHBISHOP ATTACKS RUSSIA

New York, Oct. 30 (UP).—Cardinal Spellman, Archbishop of New York, to-day sounded a warning that Russia is bent on world domination and accused Moscow of "sabotaging efforts for a just peace with the intention of utilising the resulting chaos to spread Communism."

In an article published in the magazine "Cosmopolitan" Cardinal Spellman said "every Communist is a potential enemy of the United States and only those blind in bats can fail to be aware there is an active Communist invasion of our country."

ANTI-TB MEASURES IN SHANGHAI

Shanghai, Oct. 30.—Latest equipment for treating tuberculosis donated by the American Red Cross Society will arrive here as soon as the maritime strike in the United States is settled, it was learned to-day.

The Shanghai Anti-Tuberculosis Association, being the recipient of the urgently needed equipment combating the dreadful disease, has decided to set up clinics and sanatoria capable of accommodating 150 patients.

"We could throw them out," said Col. Tunzon, "but of course, you know that is physically impossible."—Reuter.

"Squatting" Charge Against U.S. Red Cross

The National Development Company in Manila has accused the American Red Cross of "squatting" in four of the Company's buildings which, it is stated, are urgently needed to house a plant for the production of yarn for home weavers, and net manufacturers.

Officials of the Company claim that the Red Cross refused to vacate the buildings has resulted in delay in rehabilitating the local weaving and fishing industries.

The four buildings which are in the company's compound are being used by the Red Cross for auctioning of its excess supplies twice weekly. According to the company's officials the Red Cross has no lease on the building. The plant, if installed, could produce 10,000 pounds of yarn daily.

This is the second complaint to be made against the American Red Cross in Manila recently for refusal to vacate buildings, the first being brought by the owners of the Jai Alai building which before the war was one of Manila's big sports centres. The building is now being used as a club—the Roosevelt Club—for American troops.

No Longer Needed

Although the Red Cross has a lease on this building, the owners claim that there is no longer any need to use it as a soldiers' club since there are now many other recreational facilities and the number of troops using it has decreased considerably.

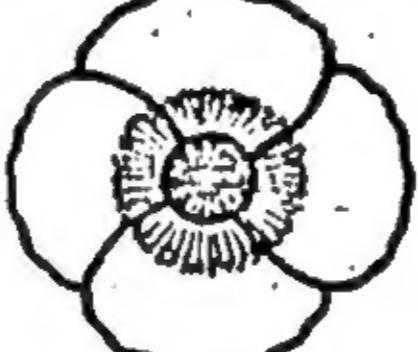
Admitting that attendance at the club had declined the American Army Command, however, in a press note replying to the complaint, stated: "When attendance falls to a point that no longer justifies operation of the Roosevelt Club, the Jai Alai building will be released to the professional gamblers who formerly made its operation so lucrative."

AFWESPAC (Headquarters, Allied Forces Western Pacific) was also attacked recently by Col. Angel M. Tunzon, former Manila Chief of Police, who claimed the Army's real estate division with "rank inefficiency and disregard for the civil rights of civilians" in its handling of property occupied by the 6th Infantry Division.

Col. Tunzon alleged that the Army which occupied the property on May 1, 1945, had not paid one centavo and was "legally and technically a squatter."

"We could throw them out," said Col. Tunzon, "but of course, you know that is physically impossible."—Reuter.

REMEMBRANCE DAY



EARL HAIG'S FUND HONGKONG.

Remembrance Day will be observed on 10th November. Poppies will be sold on Saturday, 10th November.

It is a day of remembrance dedicated to those who fought and suffered much between 1914-18 and 1939-45. It has become an occasion when those distant parts of the Empire turn their thoughts to Britain and feel that they share that great tradition which has crept through the centuries.

It is even more necessary than ever before to secure support for Earl Haig's Fund for the welfare of the British Legion and the Committee of the British Legion feel that you will wish to be identified in an endeavour to alleviate the distress of the present and future years.

If you wish to contribute something to so deserving a cause cheques should be made payable to "Remembrance Fund" and sent to Mr. Percy Smith & Co., Windsor House, Hong Kong. Donations will be acknowledged in the press.

NOTICE

BUILDING FOR SALE.

The undersigned is prepared to receive on behalf of the Owners Tenders for the purchase of No. 10 Ice House Street, Sec. A of M. L. 2A.

Permits to inspect the building may be obtained from the undersigned during office hours.

Tenders should be addressed to the undersigned at their offices in a sealed cover endorsed "Tender for Purchase of No. 10 Ice House Street" and should be delivered on the 23rd November next.

The highest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated the 25th October, 1946.

JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg., 4th Floor, Hong Kong.

NOTICE

Advertisers requiring space in "The Hongkong Telegraph" are requested to submit copy not later than 5 p.m. on the day preceding publication.

SHOWING
TO-DAY

741KTS

At 2.30, 5.10,
7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

..FINE OMNIBUS OF THRILLERS! GOOD ACTING AND FINE PRODUCTION THE PEOPLE

Dead of Night.

AN EALING STUDIOS PRODUCTION
EAGLE-LION DISTRIBUTION
MICHAEL REDGRAVE, GORE VINTERS, RAYMOND JONES, BASIL RAYMOND, RALPH WAHL, SALLY AND BOWES, ROLAND CHIVER, ERICHEA VAIL
Produced by MICHAEL RAYMOND

ALSO LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS
—NEXT CHANGE—
Thrills Untamed! Savage Excitement! Pagan Love!

MARIA MONTEZ **WHITE SAVAGE** **TURHAN BOY**
JOHN HALL SABU Sidney Toler Thomas Gomez
Technicolor **SAVAGE** **Technicolor** **Don Terry**

TO-DAY ONLY

ALHAMBRA

2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

BELA LUGOSI

"THE RETURN OF CHANDU"

—TO-MORROW—
The Screen Top Technicolor Musical Extravaganza!

BELLE OF THE YUKON '99
with
Gypsy Rose LEE—Randolph SCOTT—Dinah SHORE

ORIENTAL & MAJESTIC

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY
2.30, 5.15, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m. 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

Two Hours of Hilarious Delight!

The Charlie Chaplin Festival
The one and only Charlie (the way you love him) in a
BRAND NEW FEATURE CAVALCADE
of his most Beloved Film Successes
A Guaranteed Roar!

The escaped ADVENTURER. **The fiddling VAGABOND.** **The drunk on a CURE.**

Easy Street **The bewildered IMMIGRANT.** **The aristocratic COUNT.**

SIDE-GLANCES

By Galbraith



"The weakness of a buyer's strike is that I fear all picket lines would break at the first notice of a bargain sale!"

4 THEATRE

At 2.30,
5.10,
7.15
& 9.30 p.m.

Columbia Pictures
presents with pride:
a new form of screen entertainment
in which glorious music springs
from the story... just as
the story springs from
the heart.

A Song to Remember
Paul MUNI & Oberon
starring—Merle
NINA FOCH • GEORGE COULOURIS
Screen Play by Sidney Buchman
Directed by CHARLES VIDOR

A Song to Remember

FOUR SHOWS TO-DAY

SHIPPING NEWS

Exportable Fats
Far Short Of Requirements

AMERICAN PLEDGE

(Continued from Page 1)

Mr. Makin also replied directly to Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov's criticism last night of the duty in establishing a Trusteeship Council.

M. Molotov was not present in Russia's front row seats to hear the reply from the Australian delegation, which throughout the life of the United Nations has taken the lead in challenging the prerogatives of the great Powers.

Mr. Makin declared that because the Trusteeship agreement must first be approved by the General Assembly, the Council could not have been established earlier.

The IEFC said that the world exportable surplus of fats and oils during 1946 falls far short of meeting the requirements, which totalled over 4,000,000 long tons in terms of oil and fat in 1946. Supplies available to meet these requirements totalled less than 2,600,000 long tons.

The IEFC said the following quantities for various claimants were recommended for import: United Kingdom, 818,000 tons; the United States, 354,000 tons; Canada, 40,300 tons; Belgium 108,400; Denmark, 25,810; France, 310,400; Germany, 41,000; the Netherlands, 191,900; Norway, 49,650; UNRRA, 1,950,100; Military Relief United States Zones, 7,200; Military Relief Southeast Asia Command, 4,400; Eire, 7,700; Portugal, 29,540; Spain, 16,620; Sweden, 31,750; Switzerland, 33,070; Finland, 6,010; Australia, 15,900; New Zealand, 2,020; India, 37,000; Ceylon, 300; South Africa, 37,000; Middle East, 17,000; Cuba, 40,400; Mexico, 25,400; other Latin-American countries, 22,400; Russia, 12,900; and others, 43,700.

Mr. Makin denied an assertion that the States administering non-self-governing countries had taken no special steps towards establishing a trusteeship system. "On the contrary," he said, "the countries which have submitted draft agreements might well receive recognition for this concrete fact in adhering to the principles of the Charter. Yesterday we were told that some countries had started a campaign against the veto rights of the great powers and were warned that this campaign, if successful, would bring about the liquidation of the United Nations." Mr. Makin said, "This is serious and totally unjustified."

Saying that the veto should be used only in important matters of enforcement, Mr. Makin declared: "To represent this view as a threat to establish domination by one country or a group of countries can only be regarded as a distortion of facts."

"In view of what we heard yesterday about Soviet proposals we should emphasise that the question of the control of atomic energy is much wider than the question of disarmament. We cannot hold with the view that the Charter would be undermined if the proposals such as the Baruch Plan were put into effect."

Mr. Makin continued by saying that the Assembly should not become a mere rubber stamp. The Security Council, he said, has not yet fulfilled the hopes of those who accepted the Charter, while its working has justified some of the fears which members had at San Francisco.—Reuter.

BRITAIN'S DEFENCE REORGANISATION CHAMPIONED

London, Oct. 30.—The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, in a debate on defence in the House of Commons to-day, said the proposed reorganisation announced in the White Paper on a Central Organisation for Defence was a logical development from the past, and application of the lessons learned during the war.

The proposals did not lay down the final form which the defence would take, but represented consolidation of ground already won and the jumping off place for the future.—Reuter.

The new organisation outlined in the White Paper is based upon the formation of a full-blown Ministry of Defence. The Ministry would apportion resources between the Services, deal with questions on administration, on which common policy is needed, and administer inter-service organisations.

U.S. AND ATOM BOMB

(Continued from Page 1)

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WORLD RECORD FOR 300 YARDS BROKEN

London, Oct. 30.—Denis Shore, South Africa's crack athlete, to-night broke the world's record for 300 yards when he covered the distance in 29.0 seconds.

The previous best was 30 seconds, set by Jozef Kovacs of Hungary in October 1935.

Shore holds many records, including the best South African time for the 300 yards, of exactly 47.2 seconds, and, with W. Roberts of England, the Empire Games' record time for the same distance of 47.8 seconds.

South Africans wanted to send Shore to the European Games held at Oslo but were prevented, owing to birthplace qualifications.—Reuter.

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"It is difficult to grasp the distinction which is apparently made between conversations and negotiations, more particularly since the Egyptian Prime Minister does not appear to appreciate it himself.

Lord Altringham added: "I accept the Prime Minister's assurances on the general purpose of these discussions absolutely. It is obviously the case that Egypt has a claim to equal status with the Sudan, which is a condominium. It is equally true that Egypt has been responsible for considerable expenditure in the Sudan."

"Both those considerations from the propinquity of history give Egypt very solid claim to recognition as equal partner in the condominium. But Britain had spent life and treasure, too. She was responsible, with Egyptian help, for the original re-conquest of the Sudan, for its steady rehabilitation over a long period of years, for its defence in the war—a defence which Britain conducted entirely at the cost of the British Empire, not of Egypt, in treasure and life."

Linked With Sudan

"We are linked to the Sudan by responsibility from which we cannot abdicate until the Sudan itself by the wish of its inhabitants chooses self-government. I am glad, therefore, the Prime Minister has emphasised that responsibility."

Speaking of the defence of Egypt, Lord Altringham said it was manifest that it would never be possible for Egypt alone, Egypt could no more guarantee her security without the aid of friends than Britain could guarantee her own security without the aid of friends.

"I do not think responsible people at this moment," he said, "need any warning that the United Nations Organisation is still in its infancy. Nor should they need to be told that the ultimate value of that organisation and the security which it ultimately gives, any people will depend upon what people put in. It is not going to be automatic safeguard for Britain in Europe, or for Egypt in the Middle East, or for any other nation in any part of the world, apart from the contribution of that nation in any itself."

"The Charter itself provides for and enjoins the establishment of regional security systems, and I have always believed it is right to secure the isthmus of Suez against sudden aggressive attacks."

Vital Interest Shared

"All Arab States share with us a vital interest in the working of such a system of regional security, and I hope in due course negotiations may take a broader scope and provide for a regional security system in partnership between the Arab states and ourselves as well as Egypt, which would be in full conformity with the Charter of the United Nations and, indeed, enjoined by it."

"In the meantime, I must emphasise we rely upon the declaration made by the Foreign Secretary on May 24. We know he is a man of his word, and we are sure there will be no departure from it."

(The declaration made by Mr. Devin was: "I will be no party to leaving a vacuum. There must not be a vacuum. If the Egyptian Government try to force a situation in which there is a vacuum, meaning there for security instead, regional defence or other organisation, that I can never agree to.")

On the question of Palestine, Lord Attlee said there was no responsibility in Palestine of providing for more than a proportion of dis-

WHALING SEASON

Inspectors To Go With Japanese Ships

INTERNATIONAL TALKS

Washington, Oct. 29 (UP)—A responsible source said to-day that the United States had issued invitations to the International Whaling Conference opening in this city on November 20. Experts said that this conference will seek an international agreement regarding the catch for the season 1947-1948, and will involve a larger number of countries than in the pre-war period owing to the shortage of fat and oil in most parts of the world.

Foreign sources here said that several nations were certain to raise objections to the revival of Japanese whaling even though it is done under the auspices of the Supreme Allied Commander in the Pacific. The Japanese factory ships are scheduled to sail in early December for the Antarctic.

The disputes over Japan's proposed whaling operations for the season have been settled on a temporary basis, namely that foreign inspectors should travel on each of the Japanese factory ships.

In a military review held at Ankara modern heavy tanks were seen while hundreds of up-to-date planes flew overhead.—Reuter.

GOURLAY ACQUITTED

One high United States source said

it was understood that Russia was

invited to the whaling conference

but official circles declined any com-

ment as to Russia.

CAIRO, Oct. 30.—An acquittal on both charges was the verdict given this afternoon in the court-martial of Lieut Kenneth Gourlay, of the Royal Army Ordnance Corps, who was accused of libelling the British Sixth Althorne Division in Palestine and Sir John Shaw, former Palestine Chief Secretary.

The alleged libels appeared in an article published in the Army "wall

newspaper" in Cairo.—Reuter.

LOOTED AUSTRIAN GOLD TO BE RETURNED

Washington, Oct. 30.—The United States Military Headquarters in Austria have been authorised to turn over \$5,000,000 worth of monetary gold claimed to have been originally owned by the Austrian National Bank to the Austrian Government upon presentation of satisfactory evidence of its former ownership, the State Department disclosed to-night.

Among the acts cited were the promotion of a railway ticket agent to the post of technician. Prival also said Zlatin illegally gave 10 low-salaried workers high-salaried jobs.

SOVIET OFFICIAL DISMISSED

New York, Oct. 30 (UP)—Moscow radio, quoting Pravda, said to-day that Deputy Minister of Machine Building Zlatin has been dismissed for promoting 46 persons to various administrative posts for which they were not suited.

Among the acts cited were the

promotion of a railway ticket agent to the post of technician. Prival also said Zlatin illegally gave 10 low-salaried workers high-salaried jobs.

Frankfurt, Oct. 30 (UP)—German Jews who lost their German citizenship under Hitler are still considered German under the GI marriage law, USFET ruled to-day. The latest step in clarifying the controversial prohibition of marriages of United States soldiers with enemy nationals followed the military government law which restored German nationality to Jews.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Miss Cornelia M. van Wijk, President of the World YWCA, told the press to-day that the YWCA World Council meeting would be held in China on October 10, 1947.—Central News.

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Lord Altringham added: "I accept the Prime Minister's assurances on the general purpose of these discussions absolutely. It is obviously the case that Egypt has a claim to equal status with the Sudan, which is a condominium. It is equally true that Egypt has been responsible for considerable expenditure in the Sudan."

"Both those considerations from the propinquity of history give Egypt very solid claim to recognition as equal partner in the condominium. But Britain had spent life and treasure, too. She was responsible, with Egyptian help, for the original re-conquest of the Sudan, for its steady rehabilitation over a long period of years, for its defence in the war—a defence which Britain conducted entirely at the cost of the British Empire, not of Egypt, in treasure and life."

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